Study of Women's Health Across the Nation (SWAN)

Study of Women's Health Across the Nation (SWAN) Accessing and Utilizing SWAN Data and Biospecimens for Optimal Research Productivity: A Guide to the Process

Maria Mori Brooks¹, Nanette Santoro², Sioban Harlow³, Rebecca Thurston¹, Alicia Colvin¹, Samar El Khoudary¹, Robin Green⁴, Rachel Hess⁵, Howard M. Kravitz⁶, Genevieve Neal-Perryゥ, Albert Shieh⁶, Leslie Swanson³, Elaine Yu⁶

¹Department of Epidemiology, University of Pittsburgh, ²Department of Neurology, University of Medicine, ³Department of Neurology, University of Utah, ⁴Department of Neurology, University of Medicine, ⁵Division of Health Innovation and Research, University of Utah, ⁴Department of Neurology, University of Medicine, ⁵Division of Health Innovation and Research, University of Utah, ⁵Department of Neurology, University of Utah, ⁶Department of Neurology, University of Medicine, ⁶Division of Health Innovation and Research, University of Utah, ⁷Department of Neurology, University of Utah, ⁸Department of Neurology, University of Utah, ⁹Department of Neurology, Utah, ⁹Department of Neurology, Utah, ⁹Departmen

⁶Department of Psychiatry and Behavioral Sciences and Department of Medicine, UCLA David Geffen School of Medicine, UCLA David Geffen School of Medicine, Massachusetts General Hospital

SWAN Goals



To describe the chronology of the biological and psychosocial characteristics of the menopausal transition



To describe the effects → of this transition on subsequent health and risk factors for age-related chronic conditions



Emphases placed on:

- Including multiracial/ethnic samples of participants
- **Cohort comprises** community or populationbased samples

Reasons to Use SWAN Datasets and Specimens

- Longitudinal data spans ages 42-52 at baseline to 60-73 at last all-site follow-up
- Multiple follow-ups: up to 16 visits over 25 years
- Covers middle to older age;
 Detailed information on menopause transition (menopause status, hormones, symptoms)
 - Contains a broad range of physical and psychological measures
 - Blood and urine specimens available

Study Overview

Cross-sectional telephone survey and screening: 1996-97, N= 16,000+

Brief snapshot on a large sample of mid-aged women (40-55): age of natural menopause, prevalence of surgical menopause, lifestyle, symptoms, health factors



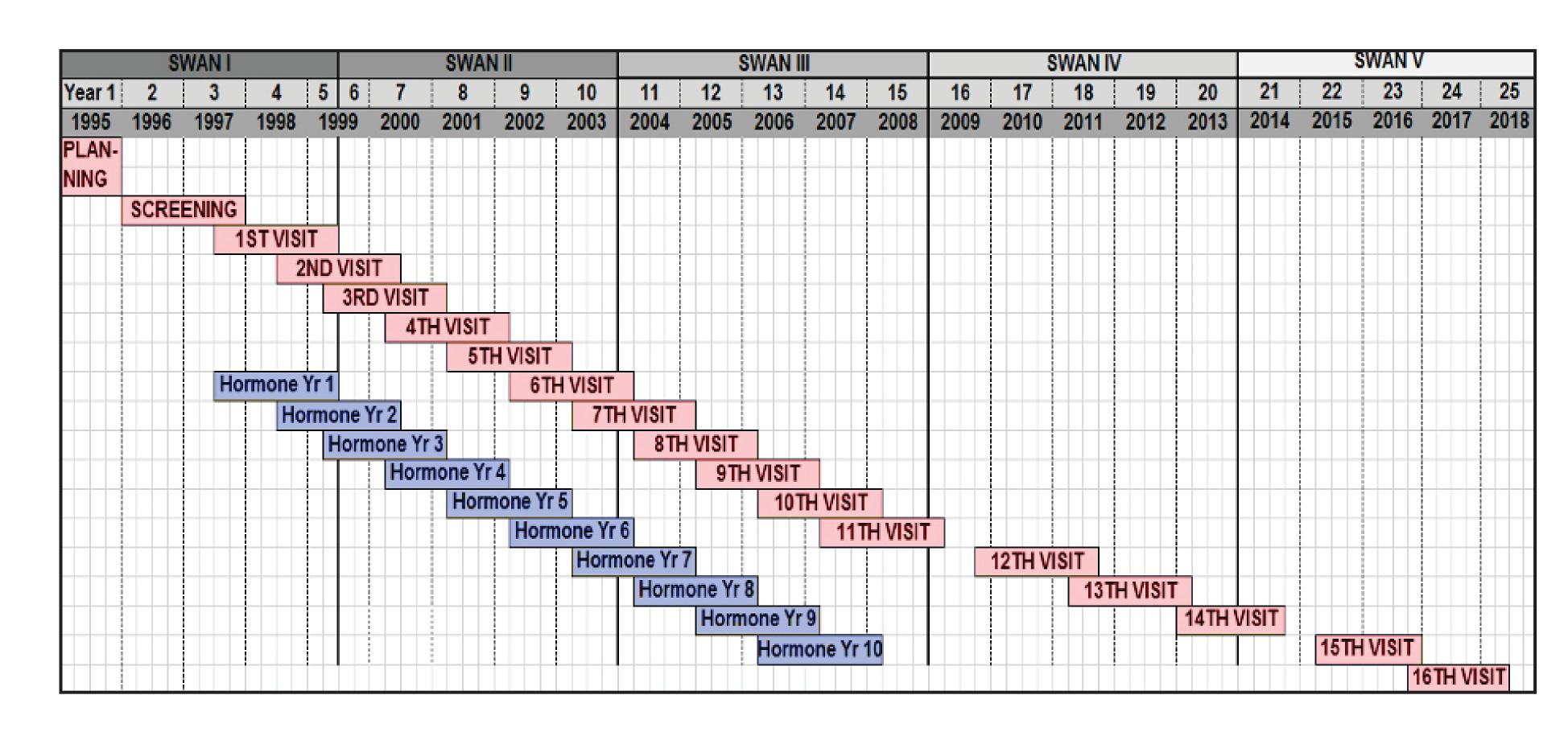
At each site, about half of the enrolled women were non-Hispanic white and about half were either Black, Japanese, Chinese or Hispanic.

- Aged 42-52
- Menses within past 3 months and not pregnant or breastfeeding
- Uterus plus at least one ovary intact
- No hormone medications

Longitudinal follow-up of SWAN Cohort: 1997-2018

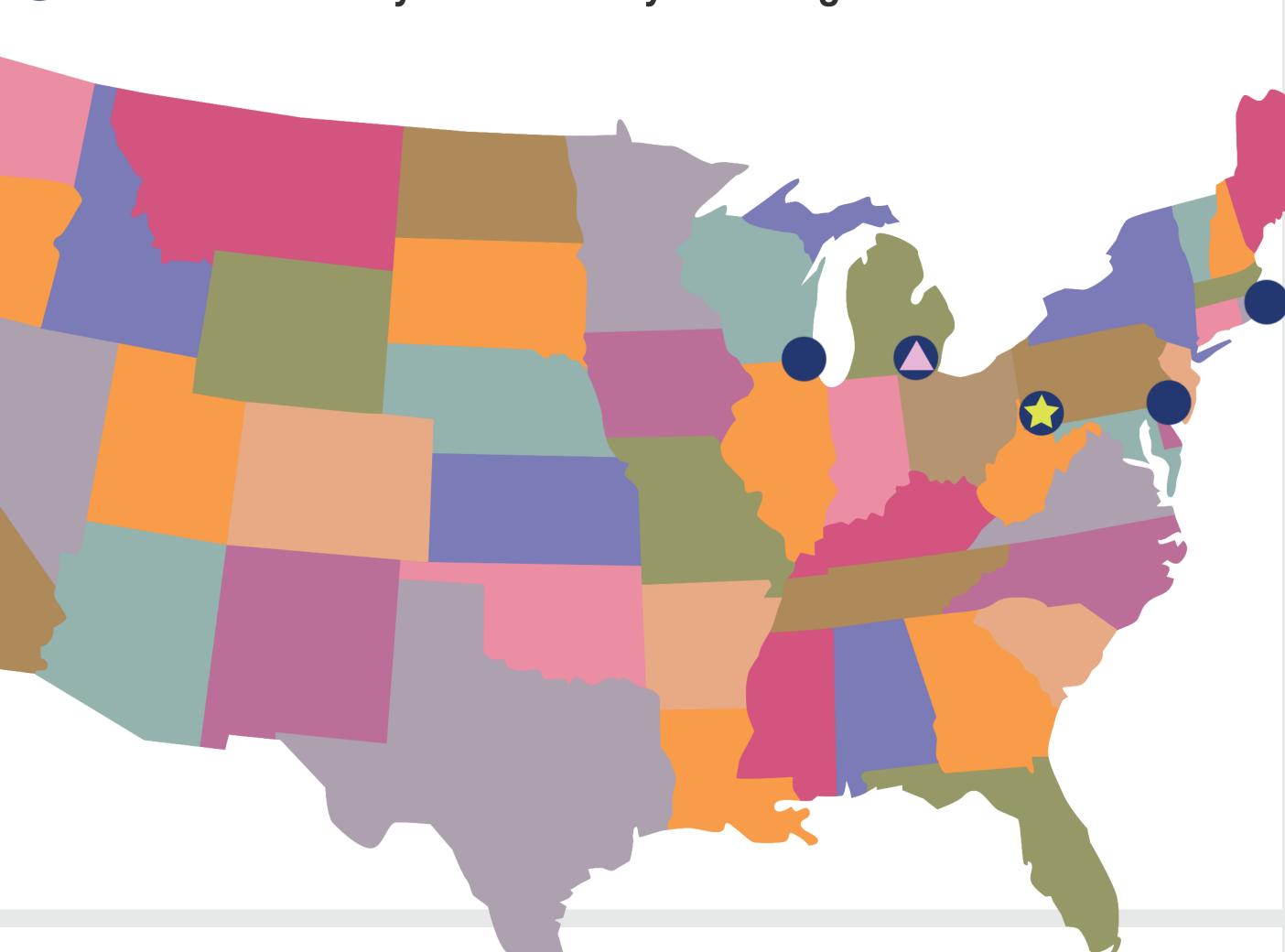
15 follow-up visits and a 16th visit at Bone sites

Timeline of SWAN Visits

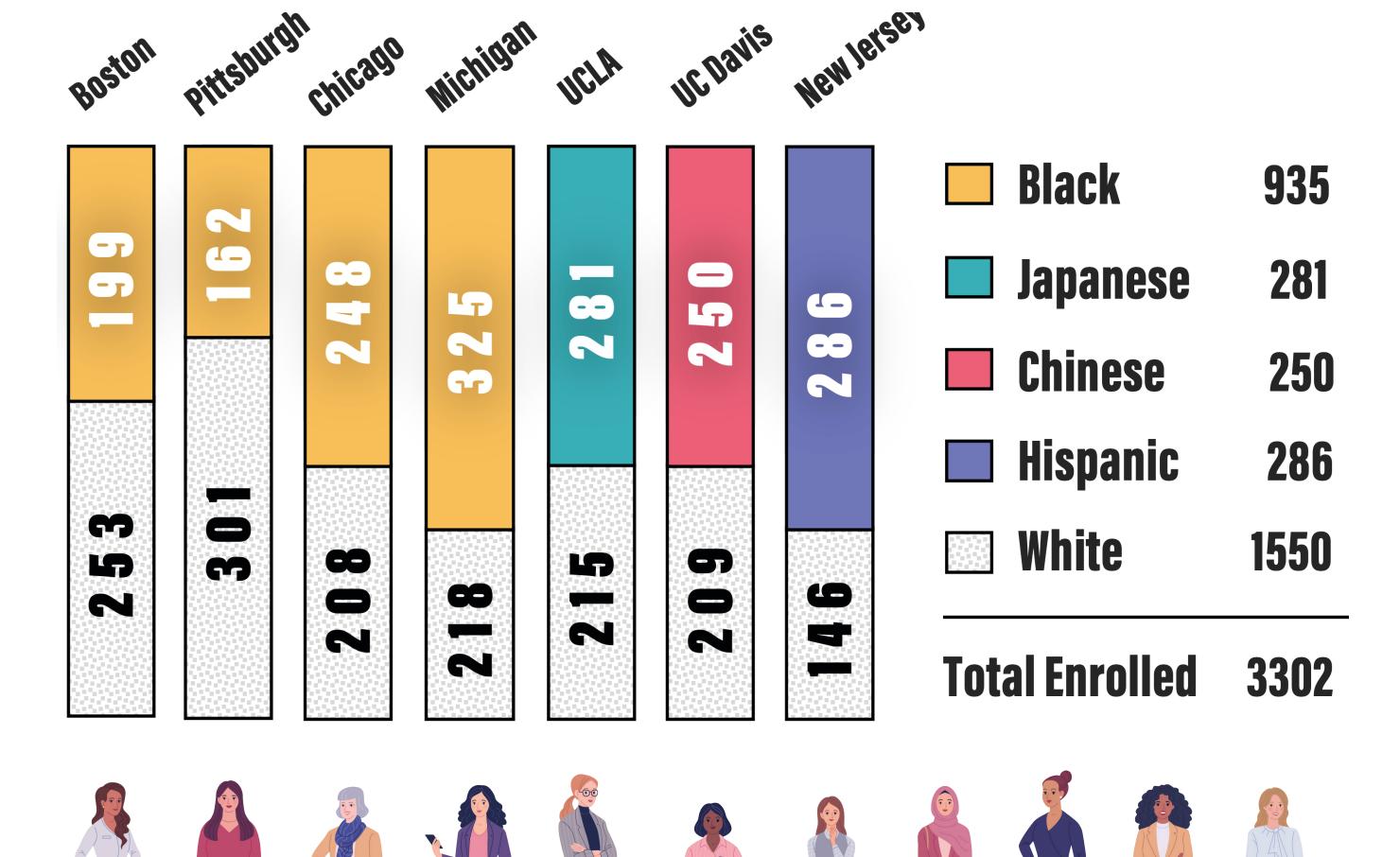


Structure of SWAN

- 7 field sites across the United States: Boston, Pittsburgh, Newark, Detroit, Chicago, Los Angeles and Oakland CA
- Coordinating Center at University of Pittsburgh
- Central Laboratory at University of Michigan



Diverse Racial Ethnic Cohort



SWAN Publications and Ancillary Studies

- > 500 publications based on SWAN data
- > 300 investigators have published SWAN data
- SWAN has served as the platform for > 40 funded ancillary studies, F31 and K-awards



Cardiometabolic risk factors,

carotid atherosclerosis

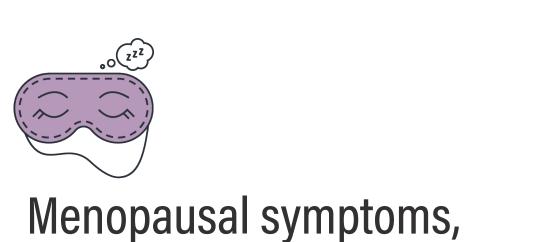
(prescription, over the counter)

events, breast & colon cancer, fractures, mortality

SWAN Data Collection



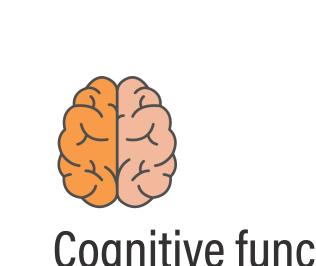
Laboratory markers of



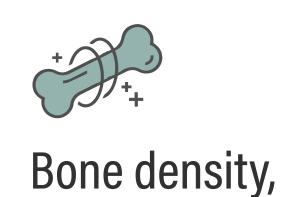


mental health, and sleep

SWAN Specimen Collection



Cognitive function,



body composition

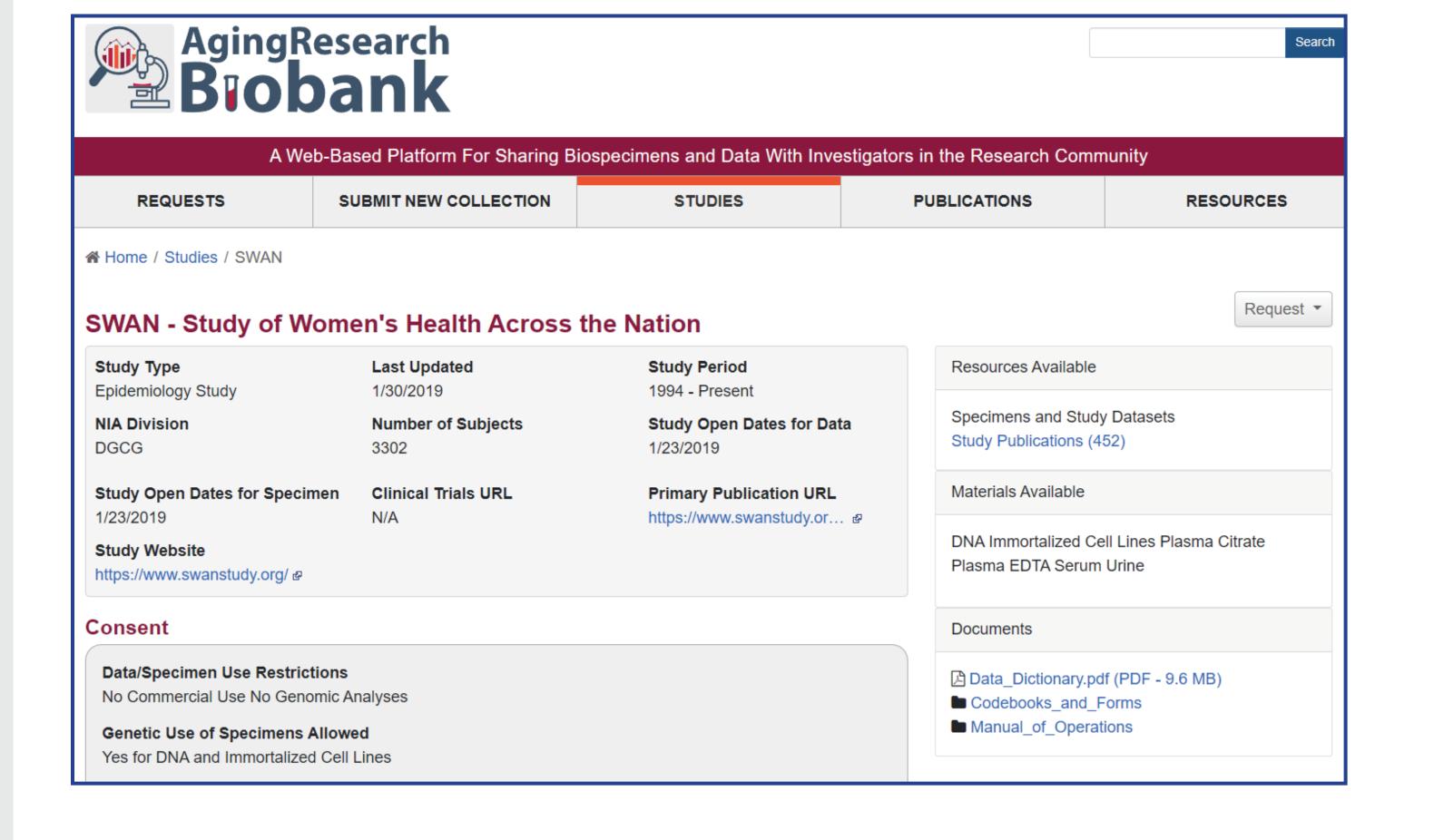
(self-reported and adjudicated): cardiovascular

Medications

- Serum, plasma, and urine specimens collected at each clinic visit
- Daily urine hormone assessments for ≤50 days annually for up to 10 years from urine specimens
- Repository vials stored at the NIA Aging Research Biobank

Accessing SWAN Data and Specimens

agingresearchbiobank.nia.nih.gov/studies/swan



Steps to Request Data/Specimens from NIA

- Scientifically rigorous study proposal
- Documented IRB approval or waiver
- Funding if needed
- Data and/or material transfer agreement
- Agreements created by the NIA Biobank for recipients of the data and/or specimens for use in research projects
- Non-commercial use to advance women's health research
- Limited datasets with variables required by specific aims



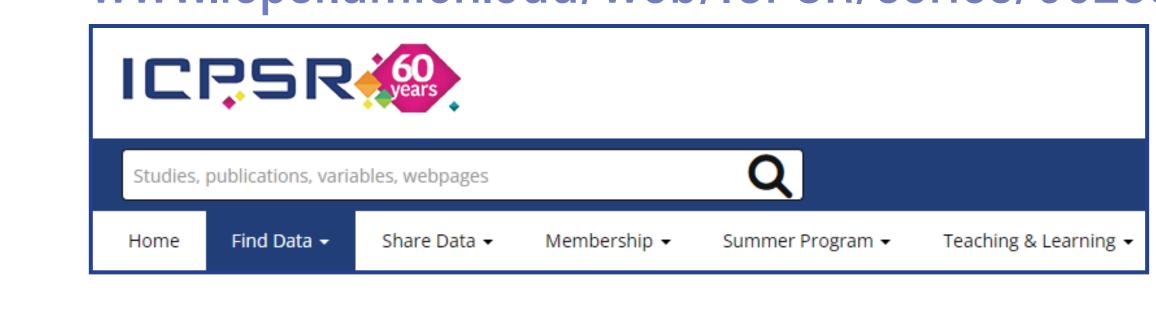
Tips for Successful Applications

- Formulate relevant hypotheses involving women's health and demonstrate knowledge of pertinent prior SWAN research
- Minimal overlap with SWAN literature and current studies
- Search publication lists on NIA Biobank website or PubMed to determine if hypotheses are novel and interesting
- Feasibility of proposal
- Do the data required for key exposure and outcome definitions exist?
- Can desired measures be obtained from existing specimens?
- Adequate sample size, include power calculations
- Early communication with NIA Aging Research Biobank is critical to determine whether resources will meet your needs
- A collaborator from SWAN is often helpful given complexity of study; see www.swanstudy.org

SWAN Data Resource

- SWAN data (not biological specimens) are also available at the National Archive of Computerized Data on Aging (NACDA)
- Includes SWAN Cross-sectional data and SWAN Baseline to Visit 10
- Requires registration but no application
- Recommended for student projects

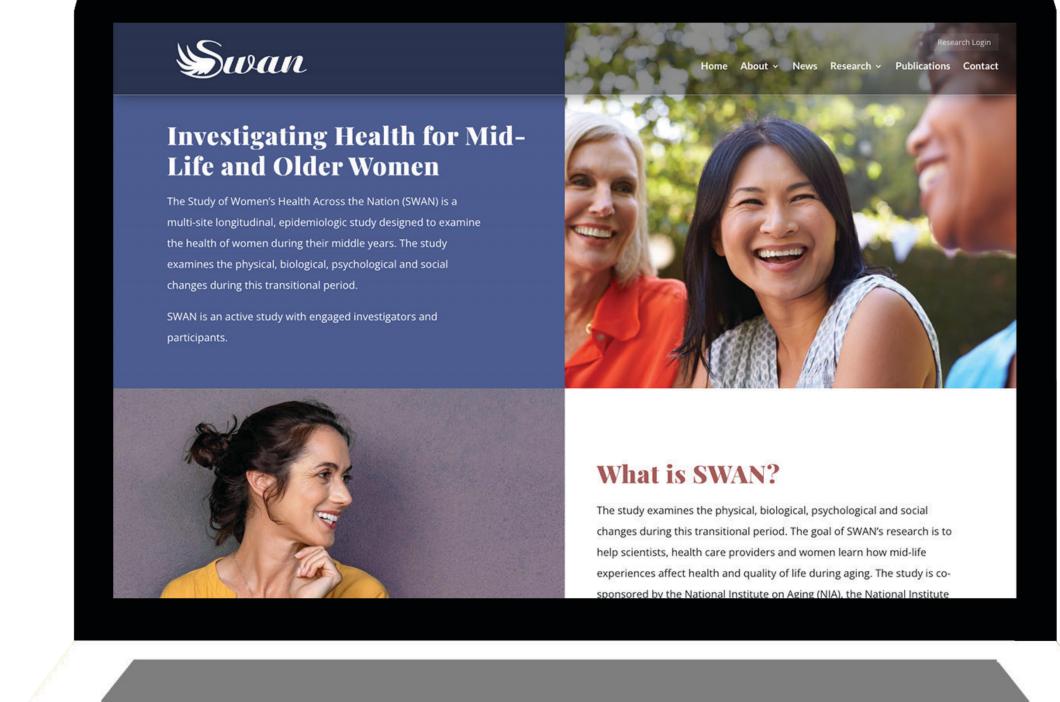
www.icpsr.umich.edu/web/ICPSR/series/00253



More Information

www.swanstudy.org

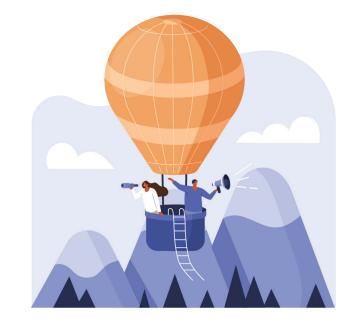




Conclusions



An expansive collection of SWAN biospecimens and datasets are available to external investigators and trainees.



Resources can be used for pilot studies, research projects for advanced trainees, and manuscripts focused on special topics.

Acknowledgements

The Study of Women's Health Across the Nation (SWAN) has grant support from the National Institutes of Health (NIH), DHHS, through the National Institute on Aging (NIA), the National Institute of Nursing Research (NINR) and the NIH Office of Research on Women's Health (ORWH) (Grants U01NR004061; U01AG012505, U01AG012535, U01AG012531, U01AG012539, U01AG012546, U01AG012553, U01AG012554, U01AG012495, U01AG017719 and U19AG063720).

We wish to express our appreciation for the women who have participated in SWAN for over 25 years and given their time and information for the benefit of women's health!

